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1 ~~94~~. (Previously Presented) A method of detecting the activity of an enzyme that performs a phosphate modification on a substrate to form a product in a sample, comprising:

contacting the substrate with the enzyme in the sample;

contacting the sample with a binding partner that specifically binds to the substrate or to the product, but not to both, wherein the binding partner includes Ga(III) ion gallium that is required for binding between the binding partner and the substrate or the product;

detecting a response, based on luminescence polarization, indicative of the extent of binding between the substrate or the product and the binding partner without separating the bound substrate or product from the unbound substrate or product; and

correlating the response with the activity of the enzyme.

2 ~~95~~. (Original) The method of claim ~~94~~, wherein the step of detecting a response comprises:

exposing the sample to polarized light; and

measuring the degree of polarization of light emitted from the sample, in response to the step of exposing, wherein the degree of polarization is indicative of the extent of binding between the substrate or product and the binding partner.

3 ~~96~~. (Original) The method of claim ~~95~~², further comprising determining the degree of polarization of the emitted light using a function selected from the group consisting of polarization and anisotropy.

4 ~~97~~. (Previously Presented) The method of claim ~~94~~, wherein the substrate is a polypeptide, and wherein the substrate and product are related by phosphorylation or dephosphorylation of the polypeptide.

98. (Canceled)

5 ~~99~~. (Previously Presented) The method of claim ~~97~~, wherein the substrate and product are luminescent.

6 ~~100~~. (Previously Presented) The method of claim ~~99~~⁵, wherein the enzyme is a kinase, wherein the product is related to the substrate by phosphorylation of the substrate, wherein the binding partner specifically binds to the product but not to the

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substrate, and wherein the degree of polarization of light emitted from the sample is higher when the enzyme is operative to form the product from the substrate than when the enzyme is inoperative or absent.

~~7~~ ⁵101. (Previously Presented) The method of claim ~~99~~⁵, wherein the enzyme is a phosphatase, wherein the product is related to the substrate by dephosphorylation of the substrate, wherein the binding partner specifically binds to the substrate but not to the product, and wherein the degree of polarization of light emitted from the sample is lower when the enzyme is operative to form the product from the substrate than when the enzyme is inoperative or absent.

~~8~~ ¹102. (Original) The method of claim ~~94~~¹, wherein the substrate is a nucleotide, and wherein the substrate and product are related by a cyclization or decyclization of the nucleotide.

~~9~~ ⁸103. (Original) The method of claim ~~102~~⁸, wherein the substrate and product are luminescent.

~~10~~ ⁹104. (Original) The method of claim ~~103~~⁹, wherein the enzyme is a phosphodiesterase, wherein the substrate is a cyclic nucleotide, wherein the product is a nucleotide monophosphate formed by decyclization of the substrate, wherein the binding partner specifically binds to the product but not to the substrate, and wherein the degree of polarization of light emitted from the sample is higher when the enzyme is operative to form the product from the substrate than when the enzyme is inoperative to absent.

~~11~~ ⁹105. (Original) The method of claim ~~103~~⁹, wherein the enzyme is a cyclase, wherein the substrate is a nucleotide monophosphate, wherein the product is a cyclic nucleotide formed by cyclization of the substrate, wherein the binding partner specifically binds to the substrate but not to the product, and wherein the degree of polarization of light emitted from the sample is lower when the enzyme is operative to form the product from the substrate than when the enzyme is inoperative or absent.

106. (Canceled)

107. (Canceled)

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12108. (Original) The method of claim 94, wherein the enzyme is selected from the group consisting of kinases and phosphatases.

13109. (Original) The method of claim 94, wherein the enzyme is selected from the group consisting of cyclases and phosphodiesterases.

14110. (Original) The method of claim 94, wherein the substrate includes a phosphorylated polypeptide or a nonphosphorylated polypeptide.

15111. (Original) The method of claim 94, wherein the substrate includes a cyclized nucleotide or a noncyclized nucleotide.

16112. (Original) The method of claim 94, further comprising:
contacting the substrate and enzyme with a candidate compound; and
determining the ability of the candidate compound to enhance or inhibit enzyme activity by its effects on the response.

17113. (Original) The method of claim 94, the binding between the binding partner and the substrate or product being characterized by a binding coefficient, wherein the binding coefficient is no larger than about 10^{-8} M.

18114. (Original) The method of claim 94, further comprising:
providing a sample holder having a plurality of sample sites supporting a corresponding plurality of samples; and
repeating the steps of contacting, detecting, and correlating for each of the plurality of samples.

19115. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 94, wherein the step of contacting the substrate with the enzyme precedes the step of contacting the sample with a binding partner.

20116. (New) The method of claim 94, the step of contacting the substrate with the enzyme catalyzing a reaction that forms the product, wherein the response is determined at least substantially at an end point of the reaction.

21117. (New) The method of claim 94, the step of contacting the substrate with the enzyme catalyzing a reaction that forms the product, wherein the response is determined at different times along the time course of the reaction.